FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES PURSUANT TO REGULATION 1.10 UNDER THE COMMODITY EXCHANGE ACT

December 31, 2011 AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION

CFTC FORM 1-FR-FCM [0005]

OMB NO. 3038-0024

NAME OF COMPANY			EMPLOYER ID NO:	٢	NFA ID NO:
DORMAN TRADING, LLC			363993338	c	0002569
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL P	LACE OF BUSINESS:	:	PERSON TO CONTACT	CONCERN	ING THIS REPORT:
141 W. Jackson Blvd. Suite 2070			Robert Sheeren		[0040]
Chicago, IL 60604		[0050]	TELEPHONE NO: (312)	341-7070	[0060]
1. Report for the period be	ainning 01/01/11	[0070] a	nd ending <u>12/31/11</u>		[0080]
			-		[0000]
2. Type of report [0090]	[X] Certified	[] Regular o	juarterly/semiannual	[] Mont	thly 1.12 (b)
	[] Special call by:			[] Othe	er - Identify:
3. Check whether [0095]	[X] Initial filing	[] Amende	ed filing		
4. Name of FCM's Design	ated Self-Regulatory	Organization:	CME Group Inc.	[0100]	
5. Name(s) of consolidate	d subsidiaries and af	filiated companies	S.		
News		centage			
Name		nership [012	Line of Business		[0130]
	[0110]	[012	-		[0160]
	[0170]	[018	-		[0190]
	[0200]	[021	-		[0220]
	[0230]	[024	0]		[0250]
person whose signature a correct and complete. It is the submission of any am	ppears below represes understood that all rendment represents abmitted. It is further	ent that, to the be required item, sta that all unamend r understood that	est of their knowledge, itements and schedule ded items, statements	all informats are integrated and schedu	and its attachments and the tion contained therein is true, ral parts of this Form and that ules remain true, correct and omissions of facts constitute
Signed this 22nd	day of <u>March</u>	<u>, 2012</u>			
Manual signature					
Type or print name <u>Rob</u>	ert Sheeren				
[] Chief Executive Office[] General Partner		hief Financial Officion	cer Corpo	rate Title	

Authority: Sections 4c, 4d, 4f, 4g, 5a, 8a, and 17 of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6c, 6d, 6f, 6g, 7a, 12a, and 21)



RYAN & JURASKA Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062 Fax: 312.922.0672

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Dorman Trading, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Dorman Trading, LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2011. The financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Dorman Trading, LLC as of December 31, 2011 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statement taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statement, but is supplementary information required by regulations under the Commodity Futures Trading Commission. These schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement taken as a whole.

Tyan & Juraska

Chicago, Illinois March 2, 2012

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2011

Assets

Cash Cash segregated under federal and other regulations Securities owned, marketable, at fair value Receivables from:	\$ 596,641 76,910,917 4,210,948
Broker-dealers, futures commission merchants, and clearing organizations Customers (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$46,239) Noncustomers Deposits with clearing organizations Secured Demand Notes Exchange memberships and stock, at cost (fair value \$2,328,179)	5,699,593 355,133 20,297 64,734,871 590,000 1,826,164
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements, at cost (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$421,811)	_
Other	31,679
Total assets	\$ 154,976,243
Liabilities and Members' Equity	
Payables to: Customers Noncustomers Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 139,064,141 233,170 2,865,021
Total liabilities	142,162,332
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors	675,000
Members' equity	12,138,911
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 154,976,243

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2011

1. Organization and Business

Dorman Trading, L.L.C. (the "Company") is a limited liability company that was formed June 1, 1995, for the purpose of acting as a futures commission merchant and clearing member of the Chicago Board of Trade, the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, and the Intercontinental Exchange.

Effective June 1, 1995 it succeeded to substantially all of the assets and liabilities of Dorman Trading Company, which had been a futures commission merchant and a Chicago Board of Trade clearing member since 1980.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Depreciation

Depreciation of furniture and equipment is computed using accelerated methods for financial reporting purposes.

Income Taxes

The Company is a limited liability company, and is taxed under the partnership tax provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Under those provisions, the company is not liable for federal income taxes on its taxable income. The members are liable for individual income taxes on their share of the Company's taxable income.

Deferred income taxes are recorded to reflect the future tax consequences of the difference between the carrying value of assets and liabilities for income tax and financial reporting purposes, and for the benefits of tax credit and loss carryforwards. The amounts of any future tax benefits are reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent such benefits are not expected to be fully realized.

The Company has adopted FASB ASC topic 740, which provides guidance regarding how uncertain income tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the financial statements. FASB ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FASB ASC 740 also provides guidance on de-recognition of tax benefits, classification on the balance sheet, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition.

The Company continues to evaluate uncertain tax positions, if any, and income tax contingencies under FASB ASC topic 450 Accounting for Contingencies. FASB ASC 450 requires the Company to accrue for losses it believes are probable and can be reasonably estimated. Management believes the impact of FASB ASC 740 on its financial position and results of operations will have no material impact on its statement of financial condition.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of statement of financial condition in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial condition and the accompanying notes. Management determines that the estimates utilized in preparing its financial statements are reasonable and prudent. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition, Continued

December 31, 2011

3. Segregated Assets

At December 31, 2011, assets segregated or held in separate accounts under Federal regulations included in the statement of financial condition are as follows:

Segregated for customers trading on U.S. futures exchanges: Cash and cash equivalents Deposits with clearing organizations Receivables from clearing organizations Receivables from broker-dealers and futures commission merchants		76,853,416 60,499,083 809,147 2,118,202	
	\$	140,279,848	
Held in separate accounts for foreign futures and foreign options custor Cash and cash equivalents Receivables from broker-dealers and futures commission merchants	ners \$	s: 57,501 2,675,349	

Customers' funds, regulated under the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended (the "CEAct"), are required to be segregated from the funds of the Company and its employees. Customers' segregated funds and equities in customers' regulated trading accounts, as shown in the statement of financial condition, do not reflect the market value of options positions owned by customers and securities owned by customers and held by the Company as collateral or as margin. At December 31, 2011, the market value of net customers' options positions totaled approximately \$(15.2) million. The market value of securities owned by customers and held by the Company totaled approximately \$3.1 million. This amount is in stock and U.S. Treasury securities. Interest on customer owned securities accrues to the benefit of the customers.

2,732,850

\$

4. Deposits with Clearing Organizations

At December 31, 2011, deposits with clearing organizations consisted of cash margins totaling \$25,234,085, U.S. Government Securities totaling \$39,450,786, and cash guarantee deposits totaling \$50,000.

There are also U.S. Government Securities held for collateral that are deposited with clearing organizations and utilized as a security deposit of the Company in the amount of \$509,587.

5. Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors

At December 31, 2011, the Company had \$ 675,000 of liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors. All of the borrowings are from the Company's members or related persons and are pursuant to subordinated loan agreements and secured demand loans.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition, Continued

December 31, 2011

5. Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors, Continued

	Due Date		<u>Amount</u>
Non-interest bearing	10/01/2012	\$	90,000
	10/01/2012	\$	<u>500,000</u> 590,000
Interest bearing	10/01/2012	\$_	85,000
	Total	\$_	675,000

Pursuant to the terms of each agreement, each note is renewed for one year upon maturity, unless notified otherwise in advance by the note holder. Notification by the note holder not to renew must be made thirteen months in advance of a maturity date.

The \$590,000 of secured demand loans are collateralized by securities valued at \$936,576 on December 31, 2011. The subordinated borrowings are available in computing adjusted net capital under the minimum capital requirements.

6. Related Party transactions

The Company has subordinated loan agreements and secured demand notes due to members and related persons of the Company. Terms of these agreements are described in Note 5.

7. Concentration of Credit Risk

At December 31, 2011, a significant credit concentration consisted of cash deposited in four banks. The balances exceeded federally insured limits by approximately \$76,000,000 which represents approximately 626% of the Company's equity. Management believes that the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

8. Commitments

The Company conducts its operations in leased office facilities and annual rentals are charged to current operations. The leases are subject to escalation clauses based on the operating expenses of the lessors.

The approximate minimum annual rental commitments under non-cancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2011 are approximately as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31	 Amount
2012 2013	280,000 247,000
	\$ 527,000

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition, Continued

December 31, 2011

9. Off-Balance Sheet Risk

The Company executes customer transactions in the purchase and sale of commodity futures contracts (including options on futures contracts), substantially all of which are transacted on a margin basis subject to individual exchange regulations. Such transactions may expose the Company to significant off-balance-sheet risk in the event margin requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses that customers may incur. In the event the customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell futures contracts at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the customer's obligations. The Company controls this risk by monitoring margin collateral levels on a daily basis for compliance with regulatory and internal guidelines and requires additional collateral when necessary. The Company requires a customer to deposit additional margin collateral, or reduce positions, if it is determined that the customer's activities may be subject to above normal market risks.

10. Minimum Capital Requirements

The Company is a futures commission merchant subject to Commodity Futures Trading Commission minimum capital requirements (Regulation 1.17). In addition, the Company is subject to minimum capital requirements of the CME Group, Inc. The Company is required to maintain "net capital" equivalent to the greater of \$1,000,000 or the sum of 8% of the customer risk maintenance margin requirement plus 8% of the non-customer risk maintenance margin requirement of the CME Group, Inc. Under the more restrictive of these rules, the Company is required to maintain net capital equivalent to the greater of \$5,000,000 or 8% of the customer risk maintenance margin requirement.

At December 31, 2011, under Regulation 1.17 and under the requirements of the CME Group, Inc., the Company had adjusted net capital and net capital requirements of \$9,337,433 and \$5,000,000, respectively. The net capital rule may effectively restrict member withdrawals and the repayment of subordinated loans.

11. Fair Value Disclosure

The Company has adopted FASB ASC topic 820, which requires, among other things, enhanced disclosures about investments that are measured and reported at fair value. FASB ASC topic 820 establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition, Continued

December 31, 2011

11. Fair Value Disclosure, Continued

<u>Level 1 Inputs</u> - quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

<u>Level 2 Inputs</u> - other than quoted prices included with Level 1 that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 assets include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities that are not active; and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, such as models or other valuation methodologies.

<u>Level 3 Inputs</u> - unobservable inputs for the valuation of the asset or liability. Level 3 assets include investments for which there is little, if any, market activity. These inputs require significant management judgment or estimation

At December 31, 2011, the Company's Level 1 investments consisted of U.S. government securities and securities owned with fair values of \$39,450,786 and \$4,210,948. The Company held no Level 2 or Level 3 investments at December 31, 2011.

12. Contingency

The Company has been named in an arbitration claim filed with the National Futures Association. The claimant, a former customer of the Company, alleges the Company is responsible for losses suffered in an account managed by a commodity trading advisor. The claimant seeks damages based on a maximum exposure of \$7.3 million. The Company filed an Answer and Counterclaim denying liability for the claimants' losses and seeking indemnification under the customer agreement. By order dated October 18, 2011, the Company was dismissed as a respondent to this matter. However, the Company remains a counter-claimant in this matter and, further, the customer was introduced by an introducing broker guaranteed by the Company. Management and legal counsel believe the Company has meritorious defenses against all claims. Accordingly, no provision has been made in the financial statements for any loss that may result from the complaint.

13. Subsequent Events

A customer of the Company has been named in a statement of claim filed under the laws of Canada related to the customer's former business. The statement of claim alleges the customer, a commodity trading adviser ("cta") located in Canada, is responsible for losses suffered by the plaintiffs from an investment in the cta's former business. On February 21, 2012, the plaintiffs were granted leave to amend the statement of claim to add the Company as a defendant. The amended statement of claim has not yet been served on the Company as of March 2, 2012. The Company continues to deny that it has any responsibility with respect to this statement of claim. Management does not believe that the outcome will have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

Reconciliation of Statement of Financial Condition to Net Capital Computation

December 31, 2011

Total assets per Statement of Financial Condition\$ 1	154,976,243
Add:	
Securities owned by customers \$ 3,148,734	
Securities owned by members - collateral for secured demand notes 509,587	(11 550 001)
Value of net customer options positions (15,208,322) ((11,550,001)
Deduct: Noncurrent assets (as defined)	
Receivables from customers, net \$ 321,989	
Receivables from noncustomers 20,297	
Exchange memberships 1,826,164	
Other assets 14,876	(2,183,326)
Current Assets (as defined)	141,242,916
Total liabilities per Statement of Financial Condition \$1	142,162,332
Add:	
Securities owned by customers \$ 3,148,734	
Securities owned by members - collateral for secured demand notes 509,587	
Value of net customer options positions (15,208,322)	
Subordinated borrowings 675,000 ((10,875,001)
Adjusted Total Liabilities1	131,287,331

Schedule 2

Statement of the Computation of Net Capital and Minimum Capital Requirements

December 31, 2011

Current assets, as defined (see reconciliation on prior page)				\$	141,242,916
Increase (decrease) to U.S. clearing organization stock to re	flect margin va	alue)		_
Net current assets					141,242,916
Total liabilities (see reconciliation on prior page)		\$	131,287,331		
Deductions from total liabilities Liabilities subject to satisfactory subordination agreements \$	675,000	_			
Total deductions		\$	(675,000)	_	
Adjusted liabilities					130,612,331
Net capital Charges against net capital:			Charge	_	10,630,585
Twenty percent of market value of uncovered inventori	es	\$	11,280		
Charges as specified in section 240.15c3-1(c)(2)(vi) and (vii) against securities owned by firm, including securities representing investments of domestic and foreign customers' funds	Market Value	_			
U.S. and Canadian Government Obligation \$ Stocks and warrants Other securities	39,450,786 4,000,087 210,861		219,150 1,044,300 4,217		
Uncovered futures contracts in proprietary accounts			14,205		1,293,152
Adjusted net capital					9,337,433
Net capital required using risk-based requirement: Amount of customer risk maintenance margin \$ 8% of customer risk-based requirement Amount of noncustomer risk maintenance margin 8% of customer risk-based requirement	19,125,749 5,250	\$	1,530,060 420		
Total risk based requirement			1,530,480		
Minimum dollar amount requirement			1,000,000		
Amount required					1,530,480
Excess net capital				\$	7,806,953

Guaranteed Introducing Brokers

List all IBs with which guarantee agreements entered into by the FCM, currently in effect See

See attached.

There are no material differences between the above computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited Form 1FR-FCM filing as of December 31, 2011.

Reconciliation of Statement of Financial Condition to Segregation Statement (U.S. Exchanges)

December 31, 2011

Customers' Segregated Funds per Statement of Financial Condition (Note 3)	\$	140,279,848
Add: U.S. Treasury securites owned by customers Other securites owned by customers Value of customers' open long futures options contracts		3,100,000 48,734 44,800,031
Deduct: Value of customers' open short futures options contracts	-	(60,008,353)
Total Amount in Segregation	\$	128,220,260

Segregation Requirement and Funds in Segregation

Segregation requirement: Net ledger balance: Cash Securities Net unrealized loss in open futures contracts traded on a contract market Exchange traded options: Market value of open options contracts purchased on a contract market Market value of open options contracts sold on a contract market	\$	131,956,719 3,148,734 4,169,427 44,800,031 (60,008,353)
Net equity	_	124,066,558
Accounts liquidating to a deficit and accounts with debit balances - gross amount Amount required to be segregated	_	368,858 124,435,416
Funds on deposit in segregation:	_	
Deposited in segregated funds bank accounts: Cash Securities held for particular customers in lieu of cash Margins on deposit with clearing organizations of contract markets: Cash Securities representing investments of customers' funds, at market Securities held for particular customers in lieu of cash margins, at market Net settlement from clearing organizations of contract markets Exchange traded options: Value of open long option contracts Value of open short option contracts Net equities with other futures commission merchants:		76,818,006 48,734 25,234,085 35,264,998 3,100,000 809,147 44,800,031 (60,008,353)
Net liquidating equity		2,118,202
Securities held for particular customers in lieu of cash margins, at market Customers' segregated funds on hand (Petty Cash)		35,410
Total amount in segregation	_	128,220,260
Excess funds in segregation	\$	3,784,844
There are no material differences between the above computation and the Company's		

There are no material differences between the above computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited Form 1FR-FCM filing as of December 31, 2011.

Segregation Requirement and Funds in Segregation - Customers' Dealer Options

December 31, 2011

The Company does not carry customers' dealer option accounts as defined by Commodity Exchange Act Regulation 32.6. Therefore, the Company is exempt from the provisions of Regulation 32.6.

Schedule 6

Secured Requirement and Funds Held in Separate Accounts

December 31, 2011

Amount required to be set aside in separate Section 30.7 accounts			\$	2,535,993
Funds on deposit in separate Section 30.7 accounts: Cash in banks Banks located in the United States	\$	57,501	_	57,501
Equities with registered futures commissions merchants, as follows: Cash Unrealized loss on open futures contracts	\$	2,604,929 70,420	_	2,675,349
Total amount in separate Section 30.7 accounts			_	2,732,850
Excess funds in separate Section 30.7 accounts			\$	196,857
There are no material differences between the above computation and t	he C	Company's		

corresponding unaudited Form 1FR-FCM filing as of December 31, 2011.

DORMAN TRADING, LLC Exchange Supplementary Information December 31, 2011

Capital to be withdrawn within 6 months

Schedule 7

500,000

\$

Listing of Guaranteed Introducing Brokers

December 31, 2011

Absolute Futures - Fremont, OH Aequitas Group LLC - Brooklyn, NY Agland Marketing, Inc. - Overland Park, KS Alt Capital LLC - Chicago, IL Ascension Capital Markets Inc - Toronto, Canada CV Futures LLC - Houston, TX Freeze Kenneth Dale - Costa Mesa, CA Gentry Financial LLC - Kankakee, IL Grollemond Russel Phillip - Sycamore, IL Heartland Trading Group LLC - Freeport, IL Marketxtra LLC - Los Angeles, CA ND Global Trading - Chicago, IL North America Trade Center LLC - Huntington Beach, CA Pacific Options and Wealth Management - Huntington Beach, CA Porter Ringhold & Company Inc - Chatsworth, CA Premier Futures Group Inc. - San Clemente, CA Redlands Futures and Options - Redlands, CA Reiter Dave Richard – Muenster, TX Sarasota Futures Group Inc - Sarasota, FL Vantage Trading, LLC - Loma Linda, CA Veguitas Trading LLC - Toronto, Canada Western Commodities - Eugene, OR Ziemba Capital Management LLC - Chicago, IL

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT ("FOIAct") NOTICE

Certain statements and schedules in financial reports received by the Commission from futures commission merchants ("FCMs") are considered by the Commission to be a public record, copies of which may be obtained upon written request to the Commission's FOIAct, Privacy and Sunshine Acts compliance staff in Washington, D.C. Such financial reports include CFTC form 1-FR-FCM. Pursuant to Section 1.10(g) of the Commission's regulations, the following portions of these reports will be considered public and be made available pursuant to requests received:

- 1. the Statement of Financial Condition;
- the Statement of the Computation of the Minimum Capital Requirements (the schedule of guaranteed introducing brokers that is to be included with this statement in Form 1-FR-FCM will be considered public);
- 3. the Statement of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation for Customers Trading on U.S. Commodity Exchanges
- 4. the Statement of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation for Customers' Dealer Options Accounts;
- 5. the Statement of Secured Amounts and Funds Held in Separate Accounts for Foreign Futures and Foreign Options Customers;
- supplemental schedules that explain or provide additional details concerning any line item for which a supplemental schedule is specifically called for by the statements set forth in (1) through (5) above; and
- 7. the Independent Public Accountant's Opinion, if the report is audited.

These statements will be considered public whether filed in electronic or in hard copy form. All other statements or schedules included in form 1-FR-FCM, and notes to audited financial reports will be deemed non-public. Generally, the Commission may disclose to third parties portions of the "nonpublic" information in the report under the following circumstances:

- 1. in connection with matters in litigation:
- 2. in connection with Commission investigations:

3. where the information is furnished to regulatory, self-regulatory and law enforcement agencies to assist them in meeting responsibilities assigned to them by law; and

Petitions for confidential treatment filed by an FCM with respect to any of the public information contained in the Form 1-FR-FCM will not be processed by Commission staff. However, if the applicant or registrant believes that the placing of any other information submitted on or with its report in the Commission's public files would constitute an unwarranted invasion of the applicant's or registrant's personal privacy or would reveal sensitive business information, the registrant or applicant may petition the Commission to treat such other information as nonpublic pursuant to Section 145.9 in response to requests under the Freedom of Information Act. Section 145.9 of the Commission's regulations affords the applicant or registrant the right to notice and a right to appeal any Commission staff decision to disclose this information pursuant to a request for information under the Freedom of Information Act.



RYAN & JURASKA Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062 Fax: 312.922.0672

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Members of Dorman Trading, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Dorman Trading, LLC (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Regulation 1.16 of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding customer and firm assets. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Regulation 1.16 in making the following:

The periodic computations of minimum financial requirements pursuant to Regulation 1.17

The daily computations of the segregation requirements of section 4d(2) of the Commodity Exchange Act (the "CEAct") and the regulations thereunder, and the segregation of funds based on such computations

The daily computations of the foreign futures and foreign options secured amount requirements pursuant to Regulation 30.7 under the CFTC.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the CFTC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Regulation 1.16(d)(2) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the proceeding paragraphs.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to previously, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.



A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness; yet important enough to merit attention by those responsible for oversight of the company's financial reporting.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities and certain regulated commodity customer and firm assets that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the CFTC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the CEAct and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2011 to meet the CFTC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the CFTC, the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, the Chicago Board of Trade, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Regulation 1.16 under the CEAct in their regulation of registered futures commission merchants, and is not intended to be and should not be used for any other purpose.

Kyan & Juraska

Chicago, Illinois March 2, 2012